**Linux Networking Commands**

**1. ifconfig**

Linux ifconfig stands for interface configurator. It is one of the most basic commands used in network inspection.

ifconfig is used to initialize an interface, configure it with an IP address, and enable or disable it. It is also used to display the route and the network interface.

Basic information displayed upon using ifconfig are:

1. IP address
2. MAC address
3. MTU(Maximum Transmission Unit)

